

CRC Article 19: All children have the right to be safe.

CRC Article 24: All children have the right to be healthy.

CRC Article 28: All children have the right to a good quality education.

CRC Article 31: All children have the right to relax and play.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION/ Personal, Social, Health Economic Education (PSHE) / Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education

All year groups in KS1 and KS2 will cover all PE strands: games, gymnastics, dance, athletics and outdoor and adventurous activities, as well as Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing objectives taken from the Relationships and Health Education statutory framework. Lessons will be based upon QCA Core Tasks, the titles of which and some of the objectives, are given below. These can be found on SharePoint, our school network and our website. These will be supplemented by other resources. At points during the year, each year group will receive at least one block of 5-week specialist coaching provided by SSP (Sedgefield Sports Partnership). This will replace the unit below and will change year on year.

Children in Y3 go swimming every week during the year apart from an eight week block in the Summer Term which is dedicated to top-up swimming for Y5 and Y6 (4 weeks each). This means that at points in KS2 (currently Y3, Y5 and Y6) all children will have swimming lessons – these are timetabled by Durham LA.

Our aim is for our children to be as active as possible. PE lessons, playtimes and lunchtimes are supplemented by Active 15 in class daily, along with the offer of after-school activities.

We aim to ensure that children understand that physical health and mental wellbeing are interlinked and that good physical health contributes to good mental wellbeing. We want our children to be confident to seek help and know how to get it if they have any concerns about their physical or mental health.

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
EYFS	In the EYFS there are three characteristics of effective teaching and learning: • playing and exploring - children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'; • active learning - children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties, and enjoy achievements; • creating and thinking critically - children have and develop their own ideas, make links between ideas, and develop strategies for doing things.		
	Physical Development: Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.		
	Early Learning Goals - Gross Motor Skills: Children at the expected level of development will: - Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others; - Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing;		

Early Learning Goals - Fine Motor Skills:

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases;

- Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

- Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery;
- Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

Children who are 3-4 will be learning to:

- Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills;
- Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet;
- Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues;
- Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks;
- Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams;
- Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm;
- Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width;
- Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small hole they dug with a trowel;
- Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks;
- Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors:
- Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils;
- -Show a preference for a dominant hand;
- Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips.

Children in Reception will be learning to:

- Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: rolling, crawling, walking, jumping, running, hopping, skipping, climbing;
- Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace;
- Develop their overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming;
- Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently;
- Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor;
- Combine different movements with ease and fluency;
- Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group;
- Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility. Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming;
- Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball;
- Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient;
- Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: for example, lining up, queuing and mealtimes.

Vocabulary: moving, slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sloping, jogging, leaping, storping, bouncing, bending, stretching, twisting, turning, dodging, chase, race, climb, mount, land, space, speed, stop, start, stopping, stomping, slowly, quickly, fast, forwards, backwards, sideways, up, down, direction, obstacle, pushing, catching, throwing, kicking, aim, grip, under, over, through, balance, warm up, cool down, practise, repeat, breathe, relax, rest, exercise, sleep, health, safe, risk, wash, clean, team.

KS1 Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing (PHMW) objectives will be taught across the units and will be age appropriate and the needs of the children will be taken into account. By the time our children leave Y6 they should know: PHMW - Mental Wellbeing Topic 1 (Mental Wellbeing): Pupils should know. that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health; the benefits of physical exercise and time outdoors on mental wellbeing and happiness. PHMW - Mental Wellbeing Topic 3 (Physical Health and Fitness): Pupils should know: the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle; the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; e.g. walking or cycling to school, a daily mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise; the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity); how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health. Y1 Ten Point Hoops (Games) see Core Task Where are we going? (O&A) see Core Task Making Shapes (Gymnastics) see Core Task Rolla Ball (Games) see Core Task Moving Along (Dance) see Core Task Honey Pot (Athletics) see Core Task Key skills: Key skills: Key skills: Kev skills: Key skills: Key skills: Change speed and direction. Identify where they are on simple maps and Can hold the balances described in EYFS with Retrieve and stop a ball using different parts of Link together movements to create a movement Show differences in running at speed and Roll & throw underarm/overarm to a partner diagrams of familiar environments e.g. in greater strength control - for a count of 5. the body. phrase. jogging. relation to position of desk in plan of classroom Can balance on front and back so that extended Start and finish at the same point – safely. Throw at a range of targets. Move in different directions. Run for 1 minute. Use simple maps and diagrams to follow a trail arms and legs are held off the floor (arch and Perform the 5 basic jumps with control (2-2. 2-1, Monitor their breathing Choose the most appropriate way to send a ball Understand how to stretch safely Play co-operatively and competitively with a Work and behave safely when working codish shapes respectively). towards a target. Understand safe working space. 1-2, 1-1 same foot, 1 to 1 landing on other foot). Challenge balance taking weight on hands and Defend their target. Respond appropriately to a variety of stimuli Show control at take-off and landing. partner/team of 3. operatively with others. Control and make decisions when playing with Pupils should begin know that being mentally feet – front support (press up position) and back Understand simple tactics to outwit a through movement. Move with appropriate Perform combinations of the above. support (opposite). NB: ensure hands are always partner/small team when attacking or actions and timing in response to stimuli. Move Describe different ways of running and jumping balls of various sizes & shapes healthy is as important as being physically Receive balls of various sizes and shapes from a healthy. FLAT on floor and fingers point the same way as defending i.e. selecting an appropriate pass, spontaneously showing some control and co-Explain what is successful or how to improve. Pupils should know that they can speak to an partner. Kev Vocab: toes. looking one way passing the other, keeping on ordination. Bounce & catch on the spot and on the move. Listen, explore, maps, diagrams, pictures, Can travel on hands & feet in a variety of ways. the move to mark a goal/target, moving into the Move with confidence when e.g. walking, adult in school if they have any worries about Pupils should begin to know about physical symbols, follow a trail, seek and find, challenges, Monkey walk - take some weight on hands as pathway of a ball to intercept. hopping, jumping, and landing. Move with their health activity and how it keeps people healthy. mentally healthy you travel with bent legs and extended arms. Understand why we warm up. rhythm in the above actions. Key Vocab: Pupils should know they should do some Caterpillar walk – hips raised so legs aswell as Use space well e.g. move into a space or jump to Running, jogging, sprinting, forwards, Move in time with music. Co-ordinate arm and exercise every day, e.g. walking to school, riding arms can be fully extended. Keep hands still stop catch or strike a ball. leg actions e.g. march and clap. backwards, sideways, strides, fast, slow, score, a bike, running around the playground, playing while walking feet towards hands, keep feet still Control and make decisions when playing with Respond to own work and that of others when rules, speed, direction, relay, straight, curved, outside. while walking hands away from feet until in balls of various sizes & shapes. exploring ideas, feelings and preferences. worries Kev Vocab: front support position. Roll & throw underarm/overarm to a partner Pupils should begin to know that being inactive Temperature, active, health, Bunny hop – begin by transferring weight to Receive balls of various sizes and shapes from a can make someone unhealthy. balls of feet, aim, target, defend, happiness, hands, crouch down so bottom touches heels, Kev Vocab: with fully extended arms drop forwards until regular exercise, physical, physically healthy Bounce & catch on the spot and on the move. level, body control, composition, sequence, some weight transfers to hands and push back Strike & receive the ball with a foot & hit a ball repeat, style, space, safe Inactive, risks, inactive, unhealthy to transfer all weight back to feet. Next. transfer with a bat when playing with a partner. weight to hands and jump feet off floor keeping Understand simple tactics to outwit a knees tucked into chest. Next. reach extended partner/small team when attacking or arms forward followed by knees tucked into defending i.e. selecting an appropriate pass, chest then land on feet. looking one way passing the other, keeping on Can perform above along a bench. the move to mark a goal/target, moving into the In all travelling actions place hands FLAT on nathway of a hall to intercent. floor and fully extend arms. Pupils should begin to know that physical exercise and time outdoors can help people to Can perform a variety of rolls. Teddy Bear roll by performing a roll with legs be mentally healthy and happy. apart (straddle position). Perform 2 rolls to Key Vocab: perform the Full Circle roll. Intercept, tracking a ball, rolling, underarm, Rock and Roll (the final phase of the forward throwing, free space, own space, opposite team, roll) - sit in tucked shape holding onto knees, quiet, slow, small, calm chin to chest; rock back roll forward to sitting position again Tipper Truck (the first phase of the forward roll) crouch in tucked shape, feet on floor, hands flat on floor in front. Keep hands and feet still, raise hips in the air to inverted 'V' position. Can perform the above from a bench. Describe changes in their heartbeat before and during exercise. Make a range of body shapes, on/off apparatus. Know how to complete gymnastic moves. Pupils should begin to know what they can do daily to help them to be mentally and physically

| cartwheels, heartbeat, safe, space | Planning to meet the needs of all children should be based on the S.T.E.P. principles i.e. making changes to SPACE, TASK/TIME, EQUIPMENT and PEOPLE taking account of:

• The size of the area in which a pupil works: smaller spaces until pupils develop spatial awareness and control over themselves and equipment; larger spaces to challenge more able pupils.

healthy. Key Vocab:

Shapes, log rolls, jumps, sliding, gallops,

- Pupil activity, e.g. different task, different roles and responsibilities, different allocations of time and variations of pace within the lesson to meet needs of different levels of ability.
- Resources, e.g. different equipment for different levels of ability across the key stages.
- Pupil groupings, e.g. ability or mixed ability groups; or group, paired or individual activities, the opportunity to work with adult support where needed.
- · Other opportunities, e.g. extracurricular activities, club links and interest groups, for the development of excellence.

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing (PHMW) objectives will be taught across the units and will be age appropriate and the needs of the children will be taken into account. By the time our children leave Y6 they should know:

PHMW – Mental Wellbeing Topic 1 (Mental Wellbeing): Pupils should know:

- that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health;
- the benefits of physical exercise and time outdoors on mental wellbeing and happiness.

PHMW – Mental Wellbeing Topic 3 (Physical Health and Fitness): Pupils should know:

- the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle;
- the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; e.g. walking or cycling to school, a daily mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise;
- the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity);
- how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.

Y2 Piggy in the Middle (Games) see Core Task Key skills:

Develop a range of throwing and catching for different contexts. Throw a variety of distances. Dodge and swerve.

Make tactical choices. Change their intended action in response to their opponent.
Create and follow a scoring system. Make up simple rules with others to make the game enjoyable and challenging. Keep to rules so that they and others enjoy an activity.

Adapt activities using their own ideas of how to make the game easier /harder/more enjoyable by using STEP i.e. changing the space/task/equipment/people.

Begin to recognise what they and others can do well.

Feel changes in their heart rate.

Pupils should begin to know the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this, e.g. walking or cycling to school or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.

Key Vocab:

Heartbeat swerve, dodge, slalom, mental wellbeing, physical health, regular exercise, routines, vigorous

Gone Fishing (O&A) see Core Task Key skills:

Work with friends to plan and share ideas and select appropriate equipment for the task. Recognise what they can and cannot do in a problem solving task, in pairs and small groups. Comment on how they went about tackling a task. Discuss how to follow trails and solve problems.

Pupils should begin to know some routines and habits that they can develop to maintain good mental health.

Kev Vocab:

Discuss, work together, plan and do, challenges, problem solving, talk about, habits

How Does It Feel? (Dance) see Core Task Key skills:

Move confidently and safely in their own and general space, using change of speed, level and direction.

Remember and perform movement phrases using a range of body actions and body parts. Compose and link movement phrases to make simple dances with clear beginning, middles and ends.

Use own ideas to create a dance. Use imagination in dance activities.

Show the spatial awareness to make the transition from whole group/solo dance to duet and back to whole group/solo.

Show control of movement when using:

Actions (WHAT) – travel, stretch, twist, turn,

Space (WHERE) – forwards, backwards, sideways, high, low, safely showing an awareness of others.

Relationships (WHO) – on own and with a partner by teaching each other 2 movements to create a dance with 4 actions. Interacts with a partner e.g. holding hands, swapping places, meeting and parting
Dynamics (HOW) – slowly, quickly, with

appropriate expression.

Pupils should develop their knowledge about what they can do daily to help them to be

mentally and physically healthy.

Key Vocab:

Gallop, skip, jump, hop, bounce, spring, turn, spin, freeze, statue, forwards, backwards, sideways, near, far, in, out, on the spot, own, middle and end, fast, strong, gentle

Gymnastics – Unit 2 see Core Task Key skills:

Remember, repeat and link combinations of gymnastic actions, body shapes and balances with control and precision. Link a body shape or a balance to a travelling action.

Teach 2 actions to a partner. Perform these together.

Explore and develop their range of gymnastic movement and actions on the floor and apparatus.

Use their imagination to find different ways of using apparatus by performing combinations of movements, balances and body shapes.

Create a gymnastic sequence which includes a balance, a travelling action, a jump and a roll.

Record their sequence.

Choose, use and vary simple compositional ideas in a sequence they create and perform. Make shapes in the air when jumping and landing with control e.g. star shape and tuck shape (knees to upright chest, not chest down to knees).

Further develop understanding of safe working space.

Lift move and place equipment safely.

Recognise and describe what their body feels like during different types of activity.

Pupils should develop their knowledge about the benefits of physical exercise and time outdoors on mental wellbeing and happiness.

Key Vocab:

Hang, swing, sequence, copy, upside-down, take off, smooth, quarter-turn, fast, twisted, curled, wide, narrow, medium, backwards, sideways, zigzag, angular, sides, under, through, towards, in front, behind, over

Mini Tennis 1 (Games) see Core Task Key skills:

Catch a ball that has been bounced.

Find different ways to use a racquet to hit a ball. Retrieve and stop a ball.

Be a competent mover so that they can avoid others by controlling their body so they don't fall over i.e. move forward, sideways and backwards at different speeds with control Feed a ball to a partner.

Learn how to intercept the ball before it bounces twice.

Take part in warm up activities and know why we warm up.

Receive and hit a ball with a bat when playing with a partner.

Pupils should develop their understanding that being inactive can contribute to being unhealthy.

Key Vocab:

Catch, tracking or following the movement of a ball, aiming, speed, direction, controlling, scoring, rally, feed

Colour Match (Athletics) see Core Task Key skills:

Explore throwing a variety of equipment from a variety of positions.

Select the best technique for different throwing situations.

Select the best equipment for a throwing task. Evaluate the success of their choices.

Perform a range of throwing actions e.g. rolling, underarm, overarm.

Throw into targets.

Recognise when and why their breathing gets faster.

Recognise and understand what happens to their hodies when they cool down.

Pupils should know when and how to ask for help, and how to help others, with their feelings, mental and physical health.

Key Vocab:

Beanbags, quoits, large balls, tennis balls sitting, kneeling and standing, oxygen, technique, cooling down and warming up

- The size of the area in which a pupil works: smaller spaces until pupils develop spatial awareness and control over themselves and equipment; larger spaces to challenge more able pupils.
- Pupil activity, e.g. different task, different roles and responsibilities, different allocations of time and variations of pace within the lesson to meet needs of different levels of ability.
- Resources, e.g. different equipment for different levels of ability across the key stages.
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Υ3 Round the Clock (Dance) Off Up and Away (Athletics) 3 Touch Ball (Games) Partner Work (Gymnastics) Run the Loop (Games) Safely Across (O&A) Key skills (see Core Task): Use different techniques for sending and Use upper body strength taking weight on hands Listen to each other's ideas when planning a Have the skills needed to be hitter, fielder and Demonstrate different dance actions - travel, Consistently hit a target with a range of receiving a ball. and feet – front support (press up position) and howler turn, gesture, jump, & stillness. implements. Understand that some implements Send and receive a ball with hands, feet, racquet Retrieve the ball and send it back to the bowler. Select appropriate equipment/route/people to back support (opposite). Improvement from Show co-ordination, control and strength will travel further than others. and/or bat with increasing accuracy to a target, Know the changes in their body during and after (Technical Skills). solve a problem successfully. Use a variety of styles of throwing e.g. pulling, Choose effective strategies change your ideas if space or team mate. Travel with a partner; move away from and exercise. Exaggerate their movements. pushing and slinging (to prepare for javelin, shot With others, decide and try out different together on the floor and on apparatus. Identify which parts of the body they will use for Change the speed of their movement, the they are not working. and discus). ideas/tactics to outwit an opponent in defence rhythm of their movements, and add a turn and Recognise that some outdoor adventurous Throw further with greater accuracy in a variety Use mirroring and matching. the games and therefore need to warm up. Pupils should be able to identify healthy and and attack. Travel in different pathways on the floor and a jump to their movement phrase. activities can be dangerous. of ways. using apparatus, explore different entry and exit unhealthy choices, e.g. in relation to exercise Recognise when they have improved. Know how running around helps to build up Copy, repeat and remember movement, Recognise how to keep themselves and others points other than travelling in a straight line on Carry out stretching and warm-up safely. and sleep. developing movement memory. Pupils should develop their knowledge of the Demonstrate different relationships - mirroring, Follow rules to keep themselves and others Pupils should know what can help people to Key Vocah: apparatus. importance of creating good habits in relation to Travel at different speeds e.g. move slowly into Space, techniques, position, fielder, rules, unison, canon, complementary & contrasting. make healthy choices and what might negatively taking exercise, e.g. walking or cycling to school, Pupils should know that the choices that people influence them. fairness, vary, fluently, strike, intercepting Compare and comment on their own and others a balance, travel quickly before jumping. a daily mile or other forms of regular, vigorous work. Evaluate experiences and outcomes and make in their daily lives can affect their health, They should know how and where to get help Control in the Pencil, Dish, Teddy Bear & Rock set goals for their own development e.g. not getting enough exercise, sleep, rest or exercise. and Roll rolling actions on the floor, off and and advice. They should know that good exercising habits along apparatus or in time with a partner. Introduce the concept of being 'ready to fresh air. Key vocab: Run, catch, hop, skip, step, direction; forwards. should be maintained. perform'. Pupils should know the negative effects of not Perform the full forward and backword rolls. Pupils should know the positive effects of having Key Vocab: having regular exercise and developing good backwards, sideways, throw: high, low, far, Maintain quality when performing with their Selecting, sending, receiving, positions, regular exercise and developing good habits on habits on physical and mental health. near, straight, aim, drop, bounce, fast, medium, partner. intercept, space, possession, control, tactics, Describe their performance and suggest physical and mental health. Key Vocab: slow, safely, negatively, advice Safety, responsibility, communication. stamina, mile Key Vocab: improvements. Imaginatively, stimuli, original, lead, control, challenges, problem solving, plan in groups, Know some stretching exercises and some fluency, expressively, composing, dance plan-do-think about-try again, review simple strength exercises that can be used as a phrases, positive effects gymnastic warm up. Pupils should know some routines and habits that they can develop to maintain good mental health. Pupils should begin to know that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health. Key Vocab: Apparatus, sequence, theme, mirroring, matching, level, direction, control, accuracy, fluency, clarity, quality, performing, routines,

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mental wellbeing

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- the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle;
- the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; e.g. walking or cycling to school, a daily mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise;
- the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity);
- how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.

Y4 Target Baggers (Games)

Key skills (see Core Task):

Select a ball that they can send and receive. Throw at a target with precision.

Move to try to intercept a ball.

Use space well by finding and moving into a free space/passing to team mates when they are in a good space.

Identify what they and others have done well. Select different positions in the team based on strengths of players.

Work collaboratively.

Create scoring systems.

Pupils should develop their knowledge of the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; e.g. walking or cycling to school, a daily mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.

Key Vocab:

Court, target, net, defending, making it difficult for an opponent, tactics, scoring points

Indian Delight (Dance)

Key skills (see Core Task):

Create dance phrases and dances. Structure a dance phrase, connecting different ideas to ensure fluency showing a clear beginning, middle and end.

Perform their dance to an audience showing confidence.

Understand and use simple dance vocabulary – see overview – to identify strengths and areas of improvement. Discuss aesthetic qualities of dance, making judgements related to design, costume, stimuli and content

Demonstrate dynamic qualities – speed, energy & continuity.

Demonstrate use of space – levels, directions, pathways & body shape.

Show musicality. Select appropriate movement material showing an idea/thought/feeling. Show focus and projection.

Show an awareness of different dance styles and traditions.

Know that every time we use muscles our body

uses energy.
Pupils should know that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as

physical health Key Vocab:

Order, timing, speed, direction, heels, step slides, turns, diagonal pathways, gestures, patterns, linking, improvising

On the Attack (Games) Key skills (see Core Task):

Select equipment that they can send, receive and travel with.

Adapt and make up rules to suit the equipment/space/targets used. keep to the rules so that they and others enjoy and are challenged.

Use a range of defence and attacking skills in invasion, net/wall, striking/fielding type games e.g. those described in core tasks to prepare them to play mini versions of traditional games. Explain the tactics they have used. Keep possession of the ball.

Keep games going because they have the skill and control to do so e.g. throw and catch in different ways, choosing the right time to pass, selecting the best place to pass to a team mate or to outwit an opponent, join actions together like move, receive, shoot.

Link what happens to their heart and breathing

during different activities.

Create and teach a warm-up to another group

and to evaluate each other's.

Pupils should identify a wide range of factors that maintain a balanced, healthy lifestyle, physically and mentally.

Key Vocab:

Selecting, equipment, send, receive, travel, range, techniques, position, intercept, consistency control speed plan adapt, rules, explain, factics

Balancing Act (Gymnastics) Key skills (see Core Task):

Balance on combinations of 1/2/3/4 "points" e.g. 2 hands and 1 foot, head and 2 hands in a tucked head stand.

Transfer body weight into or out of balances fluently so that other actions can be performed Balance with a partner: facing, beside, behind and on different levels.

Balance on floor and apparatus knowing which body parts are the safest to use.

Work with a partner to create a sequence. From starting shape move together by e.g. travelling on hands and feet, rolling, jumping. Must move apart to finish. Sequence should contain 4 elements and must travel in an "L" shaped pathway.

Demonstrate control of straight, star and tucked shapes, performed from a bench.

Can leap forward in stag jump, taking off from one foot and landing on the other, on floor and on a bench.

Add a quarter or half turn into a jump from apparatus before landing on the floor.

Make a twisted shape in the air and control landing by keeping body upright throughout the twisting action.

Know which parts of the body need to be supple and strong for gymnastics.

Lift, carry and use apparatus safely.
Use space safely.

Pupils should know the benefits of physical exercise and time outdoors on mental wellbeing and happiness.

Key Vocab:

Balance, sequence, devise, level, speed, direction, accurately, control, smoothly, varying

Where Am I? (O&A)

Key skills (see Core Task):

Co-operate to share roles within a group. Take responsibility for a role within the group Recognise symbols on a map.

Orientate simple maps and plans.

Follow a route. Find their way back to a base point.

Mark control points in correct position on their map or plan (e.g. where they find an object when following a photo trail).

Review what went well.

Pupils should develop their knowledge about the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity).

Key Vocab:

Maps, diagrams, symbols, scale, orienteering, orientate, controls, plan-do-think about-try again, review, obesity

Faster Higher Further (Athletics) Key skills (see Core Task):

Run smoothly at different speeds.

Choose different styles of running for different distances

Pace and sustain their effort over longer distances.

Choose different styles of jumping for different challenges.

Perform combinations of jumps e.g. hop, step, jump showing control and consistency.

Watch and describe specific aspects of running, jumping and throwing e.g. what arms and legs are doing. Recognise and record how the body works in different types of challenges.

With guidance, set realistic targets of times to achieve over a short and longer distance. Do this for jumping (distance and height) and throwing. Pupils should know what good physical health means and should be able to recognise early signs of physical illness.

They should know how and when to seek support if they are worried about their physical or mental health.

Key Vocab:

Sprint, jog, pace, throw action, power, stamina, speed, safety, relay, time, measure, record

- The size of the area in which a pupil works: smaller spaces until pupils develop spatial awareness and control over themselves and equipment; larger spaces to challenge more able pupils.
- Pupil activity, e.g. different task, different roles and responsibilities, different allocations of time and variations of pace within the lesson to meet needs of different levels of ability.
- Resources, e.g. different equipment for different levels of ability across the key stages.
- · Pupil groupings, e.g. ability or mixed ability groups; or group, paired or individual activities, the opportunity to work with adult support where needed.
- Other opportunities, e.g. extracurricular activities, club links and interest groups, for the development of excellence.

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing (PHMW) objectives will be taught across the units and will be age appropriate and the needs of the children will be taken into account. By the time our children leave Y6 they should know:

PHMW - Mental Wellbeing Topic 1 (Mental Wellbeing): Pupils should know:

- that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health;
- the benefits of physical exercise and time outdoors on mental wellbeing and happiness.

PHMW – Mental Wellbeing Topic 3 (Physical Health and Fitness): Pupils should know:

- the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle;
- the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; e.g. walking or cycling to school, a daily mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise;
- the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity);
- how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.

Y5 Calling the Shots (Games)

Key skills (see Core Task):

Select different positions in the team.
Understand and keep to the rules of the game to enable the game to flow and keep players

Pass, control, dribble and shoot with accuracy and fluency while on the move.

Make decisions quickly in a game. Change tactics/roles as necessary for the success of the whole team.

Know that different warm-up activities prepare their body for playing invasion games.

Pupils should know the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; e.g. walking or cycling to school, a daily mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.

Key Vocab:

Selecting, appropriate, rules, opponents, tactics, controlling, shooting, decisions, possession, dribbling, passing, positions

Acrobatic Gymnastics

Key skills (see Core Task):

Take more responsibility for warming up.
Work with a partner to create a sequence of up to 8 elements: e.g. a combination of asymmetrical shapes and balances and symmetrical rolling and jumping actions.
Sequence should include changes of direction and level and show mirroring and matching shapes and balances.

- Perform a range of balances with control, showing good body tension including -
- •symmetrical and asymmetrical balances on own and with a partner.
- •taking some/all of a partner's weight using counter balance (pushing against) and counter tension (pulling away from).
- •a range of acrobatic balances with a partner on the floor and on different levels on apparatus. Perform a range of gymnastic actions safely Show good body tension and extension.

 Use different starting and finishing positions when rolling e.g. forward roll from a straddle position on feet and end in a straddle position on floor or feet/begin a backward roll from standing in a straight position, ending in a straddle position on feet.

Use symmetry and asymmetry throughout the rolling actions.

Make symmetrical and asymmetrical shapes in the air.

Jump along, over and off apparatus of varying height with control in the air and on landing. Comment on performances and suggest improvements.

Know some stretches for the major areas of the body.

Pupils should know the importance and benefits of sleep.

They should know healthy sleep strategies and how to maintain them.

Key Vocab:

Sequence, balance, acrobatic, adapting, direction, speed, tension, extension

What's So Funny? (Dance) Key skills (see Core Task):

Respond to a variety of stimuli. Explore and experiment with movement ideas and possibilities.

Show an awareness of different dance styles, traditions and aspects of their historical/social context. Discuss aesthetic qualities of dance, making judgements related to design, costume, stimuli and content.

Create longer and challenging dance phrases and dances.

Perform their dance to an audience showing

confidence and clarity of actions.
Show focus, projection, sense of style and musicality (Expressive Skills).

musicality (Expressive Skills).

Demonstrate a wide range of dance actions – travel, turn, gesture, jump, & stillness.

Demonstrate different relationships – mirroring, unison, canon, complementary & contrasting, body part to body part and physical contact

Use choreographic devices; motif, motif development, repetition, retrograde (performing motifs in reverse).

Refine, repeat and remember dance phrases

Describe, interpret and evaluate dance using appropriate language.

Compare and comment on their own and others work. Understand and use dance vocabulary to identify strengths and areas for improvement Understand how to warm up and cool down safely.

Pupils should know the importance of sleep and how it contributes to a healthy lifestyle.

Key Vocab:

and dances.

Character, props, costumes, narrative, describe, analyse, interpret, evaluate, gesture, communicate, unison, canon, repetition, action and reaction, question and answer, mobilise joints, diet

Zone Cricket (Games) Key skills (see Core Task):

Use a range of techniques to hit the ball.
Use a range of techniques to field the ball.
Explain the tactics they have used.

Pupils should know the benefits of being outdoors and in the sun for physical and menta

Key Vocab:

Batting, fielding, wicket, feeder, innings, keeper, score

Crystal Star Challenge (O&A) Key skills (see Core Task):

Plan before starting an orienteering challenge. Use a map to find their way between check points.

Draw their own maps and plans and set trails for others to follow.

Use the eight points of the compass to orientate themselves.

Choose efficient approaches to challenges.
Carry out peer and self-assessment confidently and fairly.

Understand the importance of dressing appropriately when working outdoors. Recognise and talk about the dangers of tasks. Recognise how to keep themselves and others safe.

Pupils should know how a lack of sleep can be detrimental to physical and mental health.

Key Vocab:

Listening, contributing, cooperating, checkpoints, control, coordination, physical, transferring, self-assessment, detrimental

3 Jump Challenge (Athletics) Key skills (see Core Task):

Demonstrate a range of jumps showing control, power and consistency at both take-off and landing.

Select appropriate jumps to help them travel further.

Increase the distance they jump.
Use a run-up.

Put together a combination of jumps.
Identify the main strengths of a performance of self and others. Identify parts of the performance that need to be improved Know which muscles they use when jumping and how to strengthen these.

Begin to lead the warm-up.

Pupils should know how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.

Kev Vocab:

Isolation, combination, further, increases, distance, run up, bend, propel

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- the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity);
- how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.

Y6 Tag Rugby (Games)

Key skills (see Core Task):

Attack and defend effectively.

Attack and defend effectively.

Attempt to outwit an opponent using agreed tactics.

Agree on their own rules to suit equipment.
Apply principles of team play to keep

Pupils should know and understand the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; e.g. walking or cycling to school, a daily mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.

Key Vocab:

Possession, repossession, defenders, attackers, covering, supporting, team play

Group Dynamics (Gymnastics) Key skills (see Core Task):

Take the lead in warming up safely and

Work in a group of 4 to 6 people to create a longer more complex sequence of up to 10 elements. Sequence may include: e.g. a combination of counter balance/counter tension, twisting/turning, travelling on hands and feet, as well as jumping and rolling. Sequence should demonstrate different ways of working within a group e.g. starting together/apart, moving apart/together, matching/mirroring, contrasting shape, speed, level or timing.

Travel in time with a partner, move away from and back to a partner.

Travel on a variety of pathways, levels and speeds.

Take more weight on hands when progressing bunny hop into hand stand.

Travel sideways in a bunny hop and develop into cartwheeling action.

Perform a wide range of pair balances.
Perform group balances at the beginning,
middle or end of a sequence. Consider how to
move in and out of these balances with fluency
and control.

Explain what works well and what needs improving.

Set up apparatus combinations and to undertake preliminary safety checks.

Pupils should know and understand that mental health is just as important as physical health and that both need looking after.

Key Vocab:

Counter balance, counter tension, part weight bearing, unison, canon, composer, choreographer, groin, hamstring, calves

Fitness Routines (Dance) – unit of teachers devising

Kev skills:

Select appropriate movement material Explore, improvise and combine ideas from different styles of movement

Copy, repeat and remember complex movement, developing movement memory Show co-ordination, control, alignment, flow of energy and strength (Technical Skills) Demonstrate dynamic qualities – speed, energy, continuity, rhythm

Demonstrate use of space – levels, directions,

pathways, size & body shape
Perform with accuracy, control and timing.

Link sections fluently.

Evaluate experiences and outcomes and set goals for their own development. Use key vocabulary to describe their performance.

Prepare a small group of their peers for

Pupils should know the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle

Key Vocab:

movement.

Dynamics, extension, timing, control, levels, fluency

Wide Attack (Games) Key skills (see Core Task):

Pass and shoot with control, fluency and accuracy.

Work well as a team and support each other.
Use the width of the pitch effectively.
Reflect on own and others' performance to help improve personal and team skills and performance.

Understand own and others' strengths and weaknesses and how to choose the most competent person for a specific role within the team.

Demonstrate the confidence and competence to successfully take part in the range of games/mini versions of invasion, net/wall, striking/fielding games.

Understand the transference of skills from one type of game to another and apply appropriately.

Recognise the fitness and health benefits of playing invasion games.
Suggest a cool-down.

Pupils should know and understand the benefits of physical exercise and time outdoors on mental wellbeing and happiness.

Key Vocab:

Organise anticipate, feint, acceleration, dodge, swerve, strategy, support, outwit

Distance Challenge (Athletics) Key skills (see Core Task):

Sustain their pace over longer distances. Perform relay change overs.

Perform a range of warm-up exercises specific

to running for short and longer distances.

Explain how warming up affects performance.

Throw with greater accuracy, control and efficiency of movement using pulling, pushing and slinging action with foam javelin, shot and discus. Understand that some implements will travel further than others.

Organise small groups to SAFELY take turns when throwing and retrieving implements. Describe why some athletic activities can improve, strength, power or stamina. Set realistic targets for self, of times to achieve over a short and longer distance, when jumping for distance or height and when throwing over an increasing distance.

Describe some of the risks associated with athletic events and suggest some measures or rules that could be used to ensure safety when participating.

Pupils should know the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity).

Key Vocab:

Race, run up, position of feet on last stride, pacing, stamina, strength and speed=power, suppleness, safety and rules, relay take over area, time, measure, record, set targets

Electric Fence (O&A) Key skills (see Core Task):

Listen, contribute ideas and cooperate with others.

Plan strategies to solve problems/plan routes/follow trails/build shelters etc.
Plan and share roles within the group based on each other's strengths.

Transfer ideas and skills to new challenges. Implement and refine strategies. Change roles or ideas if they are not working.
Work increasingly well in groups where roles and responsibilities are understood.
Recognise what went well and why, what you

would do differently next time.

To recognise that anyone can be affected by mental ill-health and that difficulties can be

resolved with help and support.

To identify where they and others can ask for help and support with mental-wellbeing in and outside of school.

To know the importance of asking for support from a trusted adult.

Key Vocab:

Keeping self and others safe, plan strategies and approaches, plan - do – think about – try again, review, team work, collaborate, roles and responsibilities

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