## Year 5: What happened when the Romans left Britain?

Bede

Beowulf

Christianity

Stone Age - 15000 BC to 2500 BC

Bronze Age - 3000 BC to 800 BC

Iron Age - 800 BC to 43 AD

Romans - 43 AD to 410 AD

Anglo-Saxon Chronicle

Anglo-Saxons -410 AD to 1066 AD Vikings - AD 793 to AD 1066

## Knowledge

The Romans left Britain in 410 AD because the city of Rome was under attack and the Empire was falling apart, so the Romans had to leave to take care of matters back home.

After they left, the country fell into chaos. Native tribes and foreign invaders battled each other for power.

Many of the Roman towns in Britain crumbled away as people went back to living in the countryside.



But even after they were gone, the Romans left their mark all over the country. They gave us new towns, plants, animals, a new religion and ways of reading and counting. Even the word 'Britain' came from the Romans.

Without the Romans defending Britain, the Anglo-Saxons invaded from the North Sea and landed on Angle-land. This later became England. Many Anglo-Saxons were peaceful farmers and built homes.

## Vocabulary

A record of events that happened during Anglo-Saxon times.

One of the greatest writers and teachers in the Middle Ages.

An old English epic poem with 3,182 alliterative lines.

The religion that believes Jesus Christ is the son of God.

chronology The study of events in history or time. Churl A man of the lowest rank. The outcome of something happening. consequence **Empire** A group of lands or countries ruled by an emperor. The production of food by harvesting plants and animals. farming fines Pay money or give up possessions due to breaking the law.

kingdom A state or government with a King or Queen as their leader. law and order Follow the rules or face the consequences.

The rules set by the country. Lindisfarne Gospels A religious book written by a monk called Eadfrith.

One of the Anglo-Saxon kingdoms. Mercia

A building where people worshipped God. monastery

Northumbria Early medieval Anglo-Saxon Kingdom. One of the three groups who conquered England in AD 410. Saxon, Jute, Angle

significance How important something is.

Sutton Hoo The site of two early medieval cemeteries.

Helps the King rule the land. Thane

A group of people, families or villages. tribe

The Vikings were known for piracy, trading and raiding. Viking Means 'Great Chief'.

Vortigern Woden was the king of the Gods. Woden

Check out these videos on Anglo-Saxons:

Who were the Anglo-Saxons?



When did the Anglo-Saxons come to Britain?







CRC Article 17:

All children have the right to find out information.



Jutes

Saxons