

Year 6: Spring Term 2—Niveau Tricolore

Présenter quelqu'un voici	Introducing somebody this is. these are/ here is, here are
mon père	my father
mon frère	my brother
ma mère	my mother
ma sœur	my sister
mes parents	my parents
mes frères	my brothers
mes sœurs	my sisters
le Poisson d'avril	April Fool's Day
soixante	sixty

le travail	work
travailler	to work
Est-ce que tes parents travaillent?	Do your parents work?
Oui, mes parents travaillent.	Yes, my parents work.
Mon père / ma mère travaille à la maison/en ville	my father/mother works at home/in town
As-tu des frères ou des sœurs ?	Do you have any brothers or sisters?
Je suis fille unique	I'm an only child (spoken by a girl)
Je suis fils unique	I'm an only child (spoken by a boy)
J'ai un frère	I have a brother
J'ai une sœur	I have a sister

travailler to work	
Singular	Plural
Je travaille I work	Noun travaillons We work
Tu travailles You work	Vous travaillez You work
Il/elle/on travaille He/she/ one works	Ils/elles travillent They work

Grammar-Possessive Adjectives	Grammar-Possessive Adjectives	Grammar-Negative Adverbs	Grammar-Subject Pronouns	Grammar-Relative Pronouns	Pronunciation-Silent Final Consonants	Spelling-The ligature œ
A possessive adjective shows a form of possession or ownership in relation to the noun it is qualifying. In English, the most common are <i>my</i> , <i>your</i> , <i>his</i> , <i>her</i> , <i>our</i> and <i>their</i> .	In French, the possessive adjective 'my' has 3 forms: <i>mon</i> , <i>ma</i> and <i>mes</i> . Just like the definite article <i>le</i> , <i>la</i> and <i>les</i> , the possessive adjective must agree with the noun it is modifying, both in gender and in number.	A negative adverb turns a statement into a negative statement, e.g. <i>I have not got a cat, je n'ai pas de chat.</i>	The subject pronouns <i>il</i> and <i>elle</i> must match the gender of the noun they are representing.	The relative pronoun <i>qui</i> can join together two clauses to make a compound sentence.	When the final letter in a French word is a consonant, it is almost always silent, e.g. <i>chat</i> , <i>souris</i> , <i>furet</i> .	The œ ligature is used in French in words such as <i>cœur</i> , <i>sœur</i> and <i>œuf</i> . It is sometimes known as 'o and e stuck together'.

As-tu un animal?

un chien



a dog

une perruche



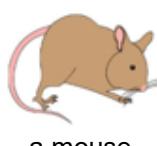
a budgie

un chat



a cat

une souris



a mouse

Do you have a pet?

un lapin



a rabbit

une poule



a hen

un hamster



a hamster

une tortue



a tortoise

un cochon d'Inde



a guinea pig



a fish

un poisson



a fish

un phasme



a stick insect

un furet



a ferret

The date of le Poisson d'avril
is 1 April.

CRC: Article 31 - All children have the right to play, relax and take part in cultural and artistic activities.