

# LGBT+ History Month



# We are a Gold Rights Respecting School.

Today we will be looking at these articles:

## CRC Article 15:

All children have the right to choose their own friends and join or set up groups, as long as it isn't harmful to others.

## CRC Article 17:

All children have the right to reliable information that is important to your well-being.

## CRC Article 19:

All children have the right to be safe.



# Aims:

- To know what the letters LGBT+ stand for.
- To know about LGBT+ History Month and how it is celebrated.
- To be able to explain why we need an LGBT+ History Month.
- To look at ways to develop our listening skills in a respectful way.



# Different and the Same

Talk About It



Have a look around the room and all the people in it.  
How are you the same? How are you different?



# Ways of Being Different

Talk About It



How can people be different from  
each other?



RIGHTS  
RESPECTING  
SCHOOLS



unicef  
UNITED KINGDOM

GOLD - RIGHTS RESPECTING

# LGBT+

L

Lesbian

A woman who is attracted to other women is a lesbian.



RIGHTS  
RESPECTING  
SCHOOLS

unicef  
UNITED KINGDOM

GOLD - RIGHTS RESPECTING

# LGBT+

G

Gay

A man who is attracted to other men or a woman who is attracted to other women is gay.



# LGBT+

B

Bisexual

A person who is attracted to both men and women is bisexual.





# LGBT+

T

Transgender

A person who was born male but feels like a woman or a person who was born female but feels like a man is transgender. This can also mean a person who doesn't feel like a woman or a man.



# LGBT+



The '+' includes other members of the community.



# Treating People Fairly

Today, most people know it is important to be kind and treat all people fairly.

Sadly, this wasn't always the case.

Sometimes LGBT+ people have been treated differently or badly by other people.



# What is a History Month?

A history month is a month that celebrates the history of a group of people.

It helps people find out about important people who belong to that group and the special things that have happened.





# What is a History Month?

There is a Black History Month  
and a Women's History Month.



# What is a History Month?

LGBT+ History Month is celebrated in February each year.



# What Happens During LGBT+ History Month?

Well-known LGBT+ people are remembered and their stories are told

The aim of LGBT+ History Month is help people be kind and accept LGBT+ people

Each year, LGBT+ History Month has a theme. This year it is medicine.



# What Important People Might Be Talked About During LGBT+ History Month?



Harvey Milk was a politician who campaigned to make life better for LGBT+ people.



Sally Ride was an American astronaut.



Alan Turing was a scientist whose work helped the United Kingdom win World War Two.





# Medicine - Under The Scope

The 2024 theme celebrates LGBT+ peoples' contribution to the field of Medicine and Healthcare both historically and today.

We want to think about the amazing work of LGBT+ staff across the NHS and in other medical settings.

We are delighted to announce that the UK 2024 LGBT+ History Month theme is:

## Medicine – #UnderTheScope

The 2024 theme celebrates LGBT+ peoples' contribution to the field of Medicine and Healthcare both historically and today.

We want to showcase the amazing work of LGBT+ staff across the NHS and in other healthcare settings, in providing healthcare, especially during the pandemic. Whilst still shining a light on the history of the LGBT+ community's experience of receiving healthcare which has been extremely complicated leaving LGBT+ people still facing health inequalities even today.

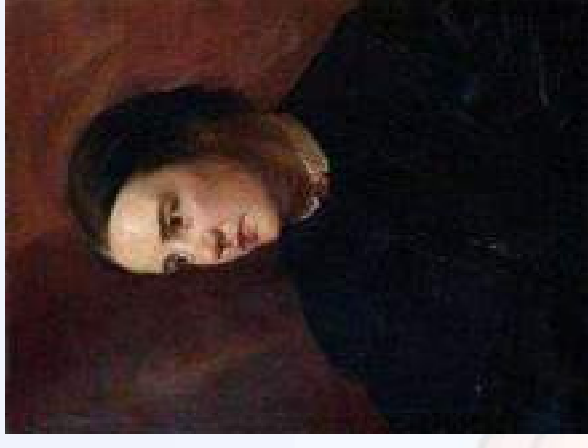
At a time when the LGBT+ community is experiencing a rise in hate crime and hate instances we also encourage you to look 'Under the Scope' and listen to LGBT+ peoples' lived experiences from LGBT+ people.



# Sophia Jex Blake

Sophia was born in 1840 in England, and she was a curious and smart young girl. She loved learning and dreamed of becoming a doctor, but back then, people thought that only boys could be doctors.

However, Sophia was not one to give up easily. She decided to challenge this. She worked hard and studied on her own, proving that girls could be just as smart and capable as boys. Sophia's determination caught the attention of other brave girls who shared her dream. She led the campaign to secure women access to a university education, when six other women and she, collectively known as the [Edinburgh Seven](#), began studying medicine at the [University of Edinburgh](#) in 1869.



# Cecil Belfield Clarke



Cecil Belfield Clarke was a remarkable Barbadian-born physician who left his mark on the medical world. Born on April 12, 1894, his life's journey was a testament to resilience, scholarship, and a commitment to social justice. He won a scholarship to study medicine at the prestigious Cambridge University. Cecil arrived in London in 1914, just after the outbreak of World War I. He worked as a GP in Elephant & Castle for over 40 years - even during World War II. Over the years, he acquired various qualifications, becoming a highly respected physician. **Notably, he developed Clark's rule, a mathematical formula for calculating medicine dosage for children aged 2-17.**

# Cecil Belfield Clarke

Cecil Belfield Clarke lived authentically as a gay man, a fact known discreetly due to the times he lived in. His lifelong partner, Pat Walker, played an essential role in his personal and professional life. After Cecil's passing in 1970, a blue plaque was placed near the site of his practice, honouring his legacy. St Catharine's College continues to award the prize he endowed, ensuring his impact endures.







## An Acrostic Poem

**R**esilient hearts, bold and true,  
**A**ll colours woven, a vibrant hue.  
**I**nclusion, love, and pride we share,  
**N**avigating life with courage to spare.  
**B**ravery in being our authentic selves,  
**O**pen arms embracing love that delves,  
**W**ith unity, we stand, side by side.



# Create An Acrostic Poem

R \_\_\_\_\_  
A \_\_\_\_\_  
I \_\_\_\_\_  
N \_\_\_\_\_  
B \_\_\_\_\_  
O \_\_\_\_\_  
W \_\_\_\_\_

C \_\_\_\_\_  
E \_\_\_\_\_  
L \_\_\_\_\_  
E \_\_\_\_\_  
B \_\_\_\_\_  
R \_\_\_\_\_  
A \_\_\_\_\_  
T \_\_\_\_\_  
E \_\_\_\_\_

